CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of fabricating a vertically integrated circuit, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a bulk substrate, said bulk substrate including a buried oxide layer;
selectively creating strong bond regions and weak bond regions on said substrate;
providing a first bonded semiconductor layer vertically supported on said substrate;
creating semiconductor device portions on said first bonded semiconductor layer, said
semiconductor device portions corresponding to said weak bond regions;

removing said first semiconductor layer from said bulk substrate; and bonding said first semiconductor layer to a second semiconductor layer.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said buried oxide layer is formed by ion implantation.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein said buried oxide layer is formed by oxygen implantation.
- 4. A method of fabricating a vertically integrated circuit, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a bulk substrate;

selectively creating strong bond regions and weak bond regions on said substrate; providing a first bonded semiconductor layer vertically supported on said substrate; creating semiconductor device portions on said first bonded semiconductor layer, said semiconductor device portions corresponding to said weak bond regions;

forming a buried oxide layer at the interface between said first semiconductor layer and said bulk substrate;

removing said first semiconductor layer from said bulk substrate; and bonding said first semiconductor layer to a second semiconductor layer.

- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein said buried oxide layer is formed by ion implantation.
- 6. A method of fabricating a vertical microelectromechanical device, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a bulk substrate, said bulk substrate including a buried oxide layer; selectively creating strong bond regions and weak bond regions on said substrate; providing a first bonded semiconductor layer vertically supported on said substrate; creating an electrode on said first bonded semiconductor layer, said electrodes corresponding to said weak bond regions;

creating an actuatable element disposed opposite said electrode; removing said first semiconductor layer from said bulk substrate; and bonding said first semiconductor layer to a second semiconductor layer.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein said buried oxide layer is formed by ion implantation.

8. A method of fabricating a vertical microelectromechanical device, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a bulk substrate, said bulk substrate including a buried oxide layer; selectively creating strong bond regions and weak bond regions on said substrate; providing a first bonded semiconductor layer vertically supported on said substrate; creating an electrode on said first bonded semiconductor layer, said electrodes corresponding to said weak bond regions;

creating an actuatable element disposed opposite said electrode;

forming a buried oxide layer at the interface between said first semiconductor layer and said bulk substrate;

removing said first semiconductor layer from said bulk substrate; and bonding said first semiconductor layer to a second semiconductor layer.

- 9. The method of claim 8 wherein said buried oxide layer is formed by ion implantation.
- 10. A method of fabricating a multi layer microfluidic device, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a bulk substrate, said bulk substrate including a buried oxide layer; selectively creating strong bond regions and weak bond regions on said substrate; providing a first bonded layer vertically supported on said substrate; creating a port on said first bonded layer, said port corresponding to said weak bond regions;

creating a channel mechanically coupled to said port;

removing said first layer from said bulk substrate; and bonding said first layer to a second layer.

- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said bulk oxide layer is formed by ion implantation.
- 12. A method of fabricating a multi layer microfluidic device, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a bulk substrate;

selectively creating strong bond regions and weak bond regions on said substrate;

providing a first bonded layer vertically supported on said substrate;

forming a buried oxide layer at the interface between said first bonded layer and said bulk substrate;

creating a port on said first bonded layer, said port corresponding to said weak bond regions;

creating a channel mechanically coupled to said port; removing said first layer from said bulk substrate; and bonding said first layer to a second layer.

13. The method of claim 12, wherein said bulk oxide layer is formed by ion implanation.